

CLA 201 H1S — GK UNIT 10
L- (lambda) & M- (mu) & N- (nu) pp 181–186

lambanein (past lab-) = to take, labē = handle,

lēpsis (ΛΗΨΙΣ) = seizing, e.g. astrolabe

epilepsy, narcolepsy (cf. hairein p 167)

labyrinthos = labyrinth

lalein = to talk, e.g. palilalia, bradylalia, alalia

lampein = to shine, lampros = bright, e.g. lamp

larynx, laryngos = larynx (upper windpipe), e.g.

otorhinolaryngologist, laryngitis

leichen = tree-moss, e.g. lichen

leios/a/on = smooth, e.g. leiodermia

leipein (past = lip) = to abandon, e.g. ellipse

leōn/leōntos = lion, e.g. lion, Leonid

lepein = to peal, leptos = thin

lepis = scale, lepros = scaly,

lemma = something peeled off, e.g. lepton, leprosy,

leptophonia, leptocephalus, lepidosaur

lēthē, lēthargia (ΛΗΘΗ) = forgetfulness, e.g Lethe,

lethargy (cf L let(h)um p 106)

leukos = white, e.g. leucite, leukemia, leukocyte

legein = to speak, **lexis** = speech, **logos** = word,
 e.g. dyslexia, bradylexia, geology, anthropology,
 biology, hematology, sociology, psychology

limos = hunger, e.g. bulimia

lipos = fat, e.g. lipoma, lipemia, liposuction

lithos = stone, e.g. lithium, lithiasis, lithography,
 neolithic, lithoclast, monolithic

lobos = lobe

lyein = to loosen, e.g. analysis, paralysis, hydrolysis,
 photolytic, dialysis, lysin, lysema

lympha/nymphē ... L. water nymph, water, e.g. lymph

***Magnēsia**, city of Asia Minor, source of magnetite (lodestone)
 and magnesium compounds, e.g. magnetic, magnesium, manganese

makros/a/on = long, large, e.g. macroscopic, macromolecule

malakos = soft, -malacia APC of softness

mania = madness, e.g. maniac, kleptomania, pyromania

manos = sparse, rare, e.g. manometer

massein = knead, e.g. massage, masseter

mastos = breast, e.g. mastoid, mastitis, mastectomy

megas/megala/megalon = large, e.g. megalomaniac,
 megalocardia, hepatomegaly, megacurie

melas/melanos = black, e.g. melancholy

meli/melitos = honey, melissa = bee, e.g. melitemia

mēn/mēnos = moon (month is a derived meaning),

mēniskos = crescent (diminutive), e.g. menopause,

menarche, meniscus

mēninx/mēningos = membrane, e.g. meningitis

meros = part, e.g. isomer, polymer

meson/ē/os = middle, e.g. meson, mesoderm

mētra = uterus, e.g. endometritis, mesometrium